Claims

[c1]

What is claimed is:

1.A method of manufacturing a reflector comprising:

providing a substrate;

forming at least one thin film transistor on the substrate;

forming a plurality of stacked structures on the substrate, each of the stacked structures comprising a plurality of sub-stacked layers, which have at least two different kinds of widths:

forming a thin film layer for covering the thin film transistor and the plurality of stacked structures;

forming a contact hole in the thin film layer; and depositing a reflective metal layer on the thin film layer; wherein the reflective metal layer is electrically connected to the thin film

transistor through the contact hole.

[c2]

2. The method of claim 1 wherein the thin film transistor and the plurality of stacked structures are formed on the substrate simultaneously.

[c3]

3. The method of claim 1 whereinthe thin film transistor and the plurality of stacked structures are formed on the substrate asynchronously.

[c4]

4. The method of claim 1 wherein the thin film layer is a laminated layer comprising a photoresist layer, an organic layer, and an inorganic passivation layer.

[c5]

5. The method of claim 4 wherein a method of forming the contact hole comprises:

forming the inorganic passivation layer on the thin film transistor and the plurality of stacked structures;

forming the organic layer on the inorganic passivation layer;

forming the photoresist layer on the organic layer;

performing a photolithography process for forming a predetermined pattern in the photoresist layer;

etching the organic layer and the inorganic passivation layer along the predetermined pattern so as to form the contact hole;

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removing the photoresist layer; and performing a baking process for smoothening the organic layer.

- [c6] 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the thin film layer is a laminated layer comprising an organic layer and an inorganic passivation layer, and the organic layer is made of a photoresist material.
- [c7] 7.The method of claim 6 wherein a method of forming the contact hole comprises:

forming the inorganic passivation layer on the thin film transistor and the plurality of stacked structures;

forming the organic layer on the inorganic passivation layer;

performing a photolithography process for forming a predetermined pattern in the organic layer;

etching the inorganic passivation layer along the predetermined pattern so as to form the contact hole; and performing a baking process for smoothening the organic layer.

8. The method of claim 1 wherein the thin film layer is an organic passivation layer, which is made of a photoresist material.

9. The method of claim 8 wherein a method of forming the contact hole comprises:

forming the organic passivation layer on the thin film transistor and the plurality of stacked structures;

performing an exposing process for forming a predetermined pattern in the organic passivation layer;

performing a developing process on the organic passivation layer so as to form the contact hole; and

performing a baking process for smoothening the organic passivation layer.

[c10] 10.The method of claim 1 wherein each of the sub-stacked layers is formed from a material selected from the group consisting of an insulating layer, a gate electrode layer, an amorphous silicon layer, an N + silicon layer, and a metal layer.

[c8]

[c9]

11. The method of claim 1 wherein each of the sub-stacked layers is formed from a material selected from the group consisting of a gate electrode, a common electrode, an insulating layer, an amorphous silicon layer, an N + silicon layer, a metal layer, a source electrode, a drain electrode, and a passivation layer.